# **STATISTICS NOTES for Test – 1 (Major topics)**

# CHAPTER -1: DATA

- 1) Source of data: Individuals; Any entity that posses statistical information. (Respondents to survey questions, participants in an experiment, any object)
- 2) Types of data: Categorical, Numerical (quantitative) data.

### CHAPTER -2: Displaying and describing categorical data:

- 1) Examples (grades, Educational majors, race)
- 2) Displays.(table, pictures)
- 3) Tables: a) Frequency table (class, count).
  - b) Relative frequency table (class, percents/proportions).
- 4) Pictures (bar charts-vertical or horizontal, pie charts)
- 5) Contingency tables(marginal distribution-talks about the total, conditional distribution- information about one raw)
- 6) Segmented bar charts, side by side pie charts.

## CHAPTER -3: Displaying quantitative data:

- 1) Table, histogram, relative frequency histogram, dot plots, stem-and leaf display, and time plots.(both single and side by side plots)
- 2) Describing distributions: Shape, center, spread, and any unusual features.
- 3) Shape: Unimodal, bimodal, multimodal.- symmetric/skewed, or any outliers.

### **CHAPTER –4: Describing distributions numerically:**

- 1) Central values: Mean, median, mode.
- 2) Other location oriented values: Lower quartile, upper quartiles, minimum, maximum
- 3) Spreads: Range, IQR, standard deviation.
- 4) Box plot(use of calculator, single and side by side)

5) Mean 
$$\overline{y} = \frac{\sum y}{n}$$
, S.d.  $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (y - \overline{y})^2}{n-1}}$ 

#### CHAPTER -5: Standard Deviation as a ruler and the Normal Modal.

1) Normal Modal – Properties a) area under a normal curve = 1, b) 68-95-99.7 rule

- 2) Standard Normal Modal, z- score  $z = \frac{y \mu}{\sigma}$ .
- 3) Calculator usage: Normal cdf, invnorm.

# **CHAPTER –11: Sampling Methods.**

Read and complete worksheet

\*\*\* Should be able to display and describe data, discuss appropriateness and limitations, and apply concepts.