

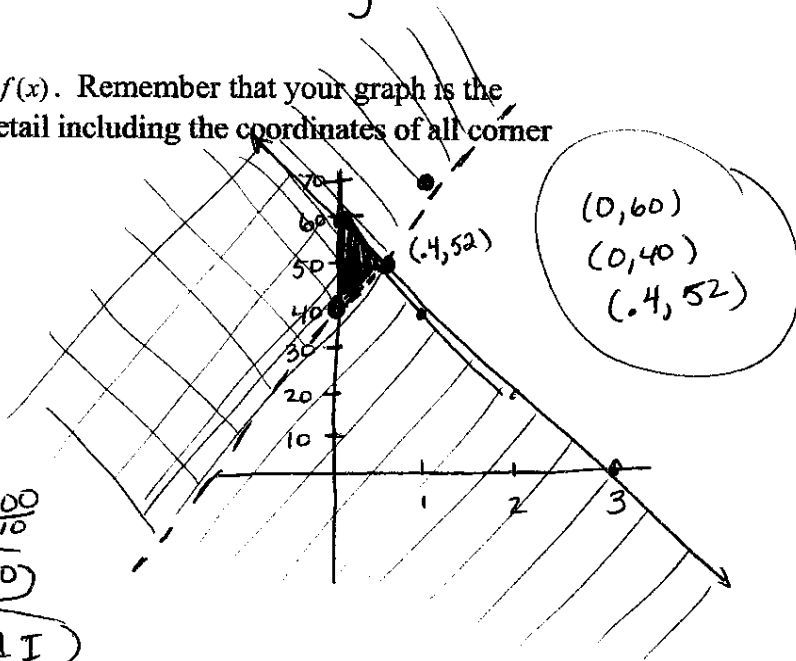
- 8.1 #5 1. Sketch a complete graph of $f(x)$. Remember that your graph is the solution, so show appropriate detail including the coordinates of all corner points.

(12) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 20x + y \leq 60 \\ -300x + 10y > 400 \\ x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \end{cases}$

$20x + y \leq 60$
Solid line: $y \leq -20x + 60$

$-300x + 10y > 400$
 $\frac{10y}{10} > \frac{300x}{10} + \frac{400}{10}$
dotted line: $y > 30x + 40$

$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ (Quad I)



- 8.1 #12 2. Many elevators have a capacity of 1000 pounds. Let us say that a child averages 40 pounds and an adult averages 130 pounds.

a.) Write an inequality that describes when x children and y adults will cause the elevator to be overloaded.

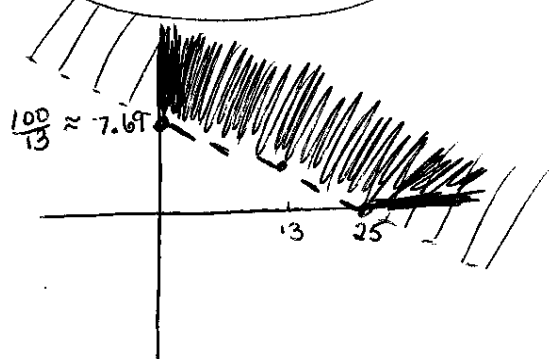
(6)
$$\begin{cases} 40x + 130y > 1000 \\ x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

b.) Sketch a complete graph. Remember that your graph is the solution, so show appropriate detail including the coordinates of all corner points.

(12) $40x + 130y > 1000$
 $\frac{130y}{130} > \frac{-40x}{130} + \frac{1000}{130}$

dotted line: $y > -\frac{4}{13}x + \frac{100}{13}$

$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$
(Quad I)



(25, 0)
(0, 7.69)

3.1 #16

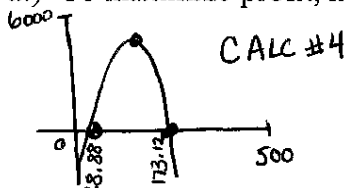
3. The profit for a product can be described by the function $P(x) = 202x - 5000 - x^2$ dollars, where x is the number of units produced and sold.

$$y = 202x - 5000 - x^2$$

6

a.) To maximize profit, how many units must be produced or sold?

6



$$V(101, 5201)$$

101 units

OR

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(202)}{2(-1)}$$

$$x = \frac{-202}{-2} = 101 \text{ units}$$

6

b.) What is the maximum possible profit?

\$5201

3.2 #13

c.) Find the x -intercepts.

6

$$y = 0 \quad \text{CALC \#5}$$

$x = 28.88, 173.12$

$$a = -1 \quad b = 202 \quad c = -5000$$

$$x = \frac{-202 \pm \sqrt{202^2 - 4(-1)(-5000)}}{2(-1)}$$

$$x = \frac{-202 \pm 144.2359179}{-2}$$

$x = 28.88, 173.12$

6

d.) State the meaning of the x -intercepts in the context of the problem.

6

The profit will be zero (break even) if 28.88 or 173.12 units are produced and sold.

3.1 #10

6

4. Given $f(x) = -x^2 - 60x + 2100$. Find the vertex **algebraically**.

$$a = -1 \quad b = -60 \quad c = 2100$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-60)}{2(-1)} = -30$$

$$y = -(-30)^2 - 60(-30) + 2100 = 3000$$

$V(-30, 3000)$

3.2 #3,4,8

5. Given $f(x) = 6x^2 - 19x - 7$.

Cannot do root method
since $b = -19$

(6) a.) Find the x-intercepts by a method of your choice.

Q.F. $a=6$ $b=-19$ $c=-7$

$x = \frac{-(-19) \pm \sqrt{(-19)^2 - 4(6)(-7)}}{2(6)} = \frac{19 \pm \sqrt{361 + 168}}{12} = \frac{19 \pm \sqrt{529}}{12}$

$x = \frac{19 \pm 23}{12} = 3.5, -\bar{3}$
OR $7/2, -1/3$

b.) Find the x-intercepts again by a different method than used above.

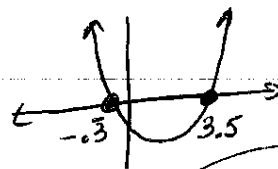
(6) Factoring $0 = 6x^2 - 19x - 7$
 $0 = (3x + 1)(2x - 7)$

or Graphing $y = 6x^2 - 19x - 7$
 $y = 0$

(8)

$3x + 1 = 0$ $2x - 7 = 0$
 $x = -\frac{1}{3}$ $x = \frac{7}{2}$

CALC #5

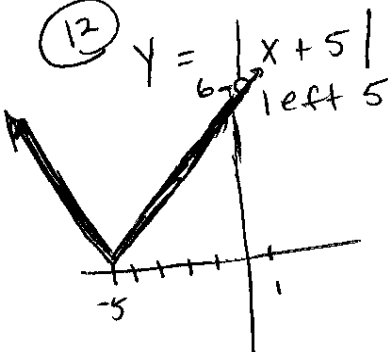


$x = -\bar{3}, 3.5$

3.3 #6

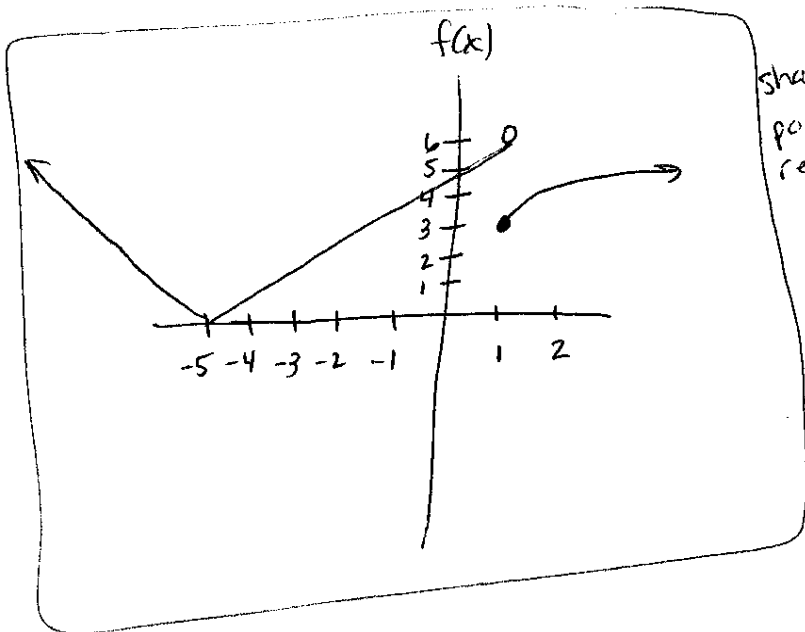
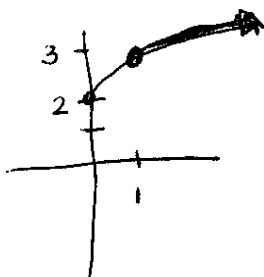
6. Show a complete sketch of the graph of $f(x) = \begin{cases} |x+5|; & x < 1 \\ \sqrt{x+2}; & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$

(12)



(8)

$y = \sqrt{x + 2}$
up 2



shape points region

3.3 # 13

7. First class postage with a private postal service costs \$ 0.29 for all weights through 1 ounce, plus \$ 0.16 for each ounce or fraction of an ounce thereafter. Each letter is required to carry one \$ 0.29 stamp and as many \$ 0.16 stamps as necessary. Let the function $f(x)$ represent the number of stamps on a letter weighing x ounces up to 3 ounces.

6

a.) Complete the equation that models this problem.

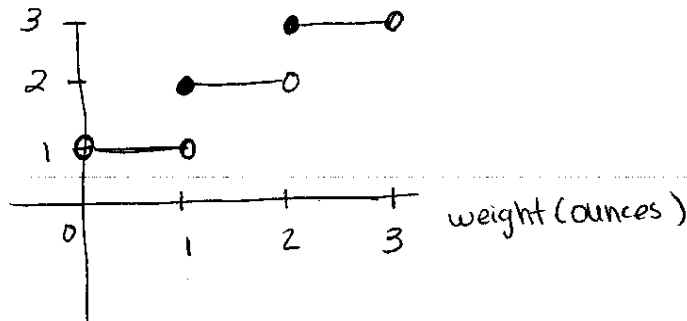
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & ; 0 < x < 1 \\ 2 & ; 1 \leq x < 2 \\ 3 & ; 2 \leq x < 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} .29 \\ + .16 \\ \hline .45 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{r} .29 \\ + .32 \\ \hline .61 \end{array}$$

b.) Show a complete sketch of the graph.

10

Number of stamps



weight x	number of stamps $f(x)$	
0	0	
.5	1	29¢ stamp
1	2	29¢ and 16¢
1.5	2	
2	3	29¢ and 2 16¢
2.5	3	