Theater

- 1. "The greatest Athenian contribution to literature was the rise of drama."
- 2. Twice a year tragedies and comedies were performed in honor of Dionysus.
- 3. Bacchian festival.
- 4. Dionysus was the god of wine, orgies, ...
- 5. Play writers submitted four plays: a trilogy and satyr play.
- 6. Theater of Dionysus was a religious festival.
- 7. A committee decided which plays would be presented at the festival.
- 8. Usually no more than three actors, all men who would play in several parts.
- 9. Female parts were played by men
- 10. Chorus of 12-15 men.
- 11. Actors wire masks, thus were hypocrites.
- 12. Play plots were drawn from mythology.
- 13. Action itself never occurred on the stage.
- 14. Poetry always remained the central dramatic agent.
- 15. The best poet or writer and the best actor was determined by applause.
- 16. Best actor had name had his name inscribed on a state list in the Agora.
- 17. Best writer received a crown of ivy.
- 18. Writers:
 - A. Aeschylus (525-456)
 - i. Fought in the Battle of Marathon
 - ii. Exhibited his first tragedies at the 70th Olympiad
 - iii. "Founder of Greek Tragedy"
 - iv. Won first prize 17 times
 - v. Deeply religious man, seen as a prophet
 - vi. Best play, Agamemnon

- B. Sophocles (496-406)
 - i. A friend of Pericles
 - ii. Wrote 123 plays
 - iii. Won first place 24 times

Best play: Oedipus the King

An actor first but he had a weak voice, thus he begin to write

- C. Euripides (480-406)
 - i. His plays were harsher which reflected the culture of the times
 - ii. Won first place 5 times.
 - iii. Best known play, Bacchae
 - iv. Awakened the role and value of women in the ancient world
- D. Aristophanes comedy-(444-380)
 - i. Very few of his plays have been saved
 - ii. His plays made fun of Socrates, Euripides, lawyers, politicians,
 - ii. Theme If Athens if so smart, why did it lose the war.