Name	e:	Class: Date: ID: A	
INR	2002	2H Assessment Test 1	
	R 2002H Assessment Test 1  e/False cate whether the statement is true (A) or false (B). (5 points each)  1. Purpose refers to the ability of an actor to achieve its goal.  2. There is general agreement in international politics as to what exactly constitutes power.  3. Theory refers to a general explanation that addresses a comparable set of phenomena.  4. Theories are meant to explain singular events.  5. The role of science in international politics is to provide a means for successful prediction of future events.  6. A paradigm is a theoretical approach that includes one or more theories that share similar philosophical assumptions.  7. The state level of analysis focuses on how individual citizens impact international politics.  8. The system level of analysis focuses on how individual state foreign policies impact the international political system.  9. Theories have three main purposes - explanation, prediction, and prescription.  10. A level of analysis is the unit that a theory examines as part of its general explanation of an event.  11. A nongovernmental organization such as an international charity can be considered a political actor with a purpose in international politics.  12. Post September 11, 2001, nonstate actors such as terror groups are just as important as states in the study of international relations.		
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	11.		
	12.		
		Choice e choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.	
	13.	Normative theory attempts to explain a. how something works or exists. b. what something or someone should properly do. c. how often something occurs.	